FIFTH FIVE-YEAR REVIEW REPORT FOR CENTRAL ILLINOIS PUBLIC SERVICE CO. SUPERFUND SITE CHRISTIAN COUNTY, ILLINOIS



Prepared by

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region 5 Chicago, Illinois

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Signed by: DOUGLAS BALLOTTI

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS & ACRONYMS

ARAR Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirement

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

CD Consent Decree

CFR Code of Federal Regulations COCs Contaminants of Concern IAC Illinois Administrative Code

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

ESD Explanation of Significant Differences

FS Feasibility Study FYR Five-Year Review

IEPA Illinois Environmental Protection Agency

ICs Institutional Controls LTS Long-term Stewardship

MCL Maximum Contaminant Level

MW Monitoring Well

NCP National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan

NPL National Priorities List
O&M Operation and Maintenance

PAH Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbon

ppb parts per billion

PRP Potentially Responsible Party

RA Remedial Action

RAO Remedial Action Objectives

RD Remedial Design
RI Remedial Investigation
ROD Record of Decision

SARA Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986

Site Central Illinois Public Service Co. Superfund Site

TBCs To Be Considereds

UU/UE Unlimited Use and Unrestricted Exposure

SVOC Semi-Volatile Organic Compound
UECA Uniform Environmental Covenants Act

VOC Volatile Organic Compound

I. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of a Five-Year Review (FYR) is to evaluate the implementation and performance of a remedy in order to determine if the remedy is and will continue to be protective of human health and the environment. The methods, findings, and conclusions of reviews are documented in FYR reports such as this one. In addition, FYR reports identify issues found during the review, if any, and document recommendations to address them.

The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is preparing this FYR pursuant to the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Section 121, consistent with the National Contingency Plan (NCP)(40 CFR Section 300.430(f)(4)(ii)), and considering EPA policy.

This is the fifth FYR for the Central Illinois Public Service (C.I.P.S.) Co. (a.k.a. Ameren) Superfund Site (Site). The triggering action for this statutory review was the completion of the fourth FYR report. The FYR has been prepared due to the fact that hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remain at the site above levels that allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure (UU/UE). The Site consists of one (1) Operable Unit (OU), which will be addressed in this FYR. OU1 addresses the soil and groundwater remedy.

The C.I.P.S. Superfund Site FYR was led by David Linnear, Remedial Project Manager with EPA, in affiliation with the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA). Participants included Michael Haggitt (IEPA) and Janet Pope (EPA Community Involvement Coordinator). The relevant entities such as the Potentially Responsible (PRP) were notified of the initiation of the FYR on 8/10/2018. The review began on 8/10/2018.

Site Background

The C.I.P.S. Site property is located in Christian County at 917 South Webster Street in Taylorville, Illinois. It is 2.4 acres in size. The property is bordered on the north by a residential area. On the south, it is bounded by Seaman Estates subdivision, which consists of eight large wooded tracts with several single family residences. All of the tracts surround Seaman Estates Pond. To the east is Manners Park, which is the City's main multi-use facility. The Site is bounded immediately on the west by the Ameren C.I.P.S. pole yard and railroad tracks. (See Figure 1)

A manufactured gas plant operated on the property from 1883 to 1932. In 1932, the plant was closed and most of the above ground structures were torn down and the below ground tanks were filled with debris and left in place. A septic tank contractor discovered coal tar contamination at the site in October 1985. Coal tar is a byproduct of the coal gasification process and is comprised mainly of polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) such as naphthalene and benzo(a)anthracene as well as volatile organic compounds (VOCs) such as benzene and toluene.

Groundwater flows from the northeast to southwest direction through a fairly well sorted sand and gravel unconfined aquifer. The aquifer extends 90 feet below ground surface and is underlain by bedrock comprised of limestone and dolomite. The water table lies approximately 15 feet beneath the surface of the Site.

FIVE-YEAR REVIEW SUMMARY FORM

SITE IDENTIFICATION			
Site Name: Central I	Site Name: Central Illinois Public Service Company Site		
EPA ID: ILD9817	81065		
Region: 5	State: IL	City/County: Taylorville/Christian County	
	S	ITE STATUS	
NPL Status: Final			
Multiple OUs? No	Has the Yes	e site achieved construction completion?	
REVIEW STATUS			
Lead agency: State			
Author name (Federal or State Project Manager): David Linnear			
Author affiliation: EPA			
Review period: 8/10/201	Review period: 8/10/2018 - 3/26/2019		
Date of site inspection: 3/12/2019			
Type of review: Statutory			
Review number: 5			
Triggering action date: 6/13/2014			
Due date (five years afte	r triggering action o	late): 6/13/2019	

II. RESPONSE ACTION SUMMARY

The C.I.P.S. Site has been in the monitoring phase since 1995. Site-related contaminants have declined in the groundwater, however, there are still some exceedances of the state standards in groundwater. City of Taylor staffing contract issues resulted in the Site's groundwater pump and treat system being shut down in September 2017. Ameren Illinois Company (Ameren), a successor to Ameren CIPS, and which is a Potentially Responsible Party (PRP), plans to test and restart the pump and treat system in July 2019, to remain compliant with the selected remedy. Monitoring has continued. Regular operation and maintenance (O&M) activities remain and are on-going.

Basis for Taking Action

The Site investigation conducted by IEPA in 1986 concluded soil at the C.I.P.S. property and sediments in the river downgradient from the property were contaminated with PAHs. Groundwater at the Site was contaminated with PAHs and VOCs. The contaminants of concern (COCs) identified in the groundwater

included PAHs (8676 ug/L), benzene (4500 ug/L), toluene (7000 ug/L), ethyl benzene (680 ug/L), and total xylenes (5000 ug/L).

Response Actions

Following the Site investigation, Ameren conducted a removal action at the Site under IEPA's oversight in January 1987, to excavate and dispose of approximately 12,000 cubic yards of contaminated soil down to the water table and sediments in the drainage swale. Ameren backfilled and regraded these areas, and resurfaced them with gravel or vegetation. Ameren also implemented a groundwater and surface water/pond monitoring program. In addition, it provided a permanent alternative water supply to approximately 20 residents in October 1987, and plugged and abandoned associated private drinking water wells. Following the 1987 removal action, IEPA conducted the Remedial Investigation (RI) and Feasibility Study (FS) in 1991.

On September 30, 1992, IEPA issued a Record of Decision (ROD), which EPA concurred with, that selected the following cleanup remedy: constructing an on-site groundwater pump and treat system; O&M of the system until groundwater cleanup objectives were met; expanding the monitoring for groundwater and treatment system effluent; erecting a Site fence with signage; and placing land-use and deed restrictions (institutional controls (ICs)) on the property. IEPA executed a Consent Decree with Ameren in March 1994, under which Ameren agreed to perform the Remedial Design/Remedial Action (RD/RA) for the Site (the March 1994 CD). IEPA oversees the RD/RA.

The remedial action objectives for the Site were to treat the Site-related constituents contained in the groundwater to meet cleanup levels to protect future potential residential users of groundwater. Residual subsurface Site-related constituents should be prevented from migrating off-site. Access to the Site and performance of intrusive work on the property should be restricted. Accomplishing this specific objective, accomplishes the general objective to mitigate the endangerment to the public health, welfare, and the environment.

On September 6, 2005, IEPA issued an Explanation of Significant Differences (ESD), which EPA concurred with, that allowed Ameren to conduct a pilot for alternative treatment methods and revised clean-up objectives. The ESD revised the clean-up objective for benzo(a)pyrene and other COCs.

Ameren recorded an Environmental Covenant on August 30, 2012, which granted IEPA and EPA access to the C.I.P.S. Site and restricted the installation of wells, use and handling of groundwater, and handling of soils on the property.

Status of Implementation

Ameren completed all construction activities; and IEPA approved a final O&M Plan in February 1995. Ameren has continued to conduct O&M activities at the Site. Ameren stopped operating the groundwater pump and treat system, placing the system in stand-by mode status in September 2017. Contract difficulties between the City of Taylorville and their contractor led to loss of personnel to man and operate the Site pump and treat system in September 2017. Groundwater and surface water monitoring has continued without interruption. The pump and treat system ran without any problems prior to its shutdown. The PRP (Ameren) plans to test the pump and treat system to resume operation consistent with remedy implementation. Ameren is currently obtaining services of a certified operator to

provide O&M of the system. Anticipated startup is scheduled for July 1, 2019. Ameren continues to conduct quarterly groundwater sampling and sampling of Seaman Estate Pond. Recent data indicated that benzene and naphthalene still exceed groundwater cleanup objectives by several orders of magnitude in two monitoring wells. This monitoring indicates no contaminants have migrated off-site or outside of the capture zone.

Institutional Controls

ICs are non-engineered instruments, such as administrative and/or legal controls, that help minimize the potential for exposure to contamination and protect the integrity of the remedy. Compliance with ICs is required to assure long-term protectiveness for any areas which do not allow for UU/UE. Table 1 summarizes ICs for these restricted areas.

Table 1: Summary of Implemented ICs

Media, engineered controls, and areas that do not support UU/UE based on current conditions	ICs Needed	ICs Called for in the Decision Documents	Impacted Parcel(s)	IC Objective	Title of IC Instrument Implemented and Date (or planned)
Soil	Yes	Yes	Area of soil covered to prevent direct contact with waste and infiltration of water to the waste	To prevent direct contact with residual hazardous waste and infiltration of water through the waste by prohibiting the residential use of the property	Uniform Environmental Covenants Act (UECA) Environmental Covenant signed August 20, 2012 and recorded August 30, 2012 applies to 2.4 acres.
Groundwater	Yes	Yes	Groundwater underlying the Site property	To prohibit groundwater use until cleanup standards are achieved	UECA Environmental Covenant signed August 20, 2012 and recorded August 30, 2012 applies to 2.4 acres.
Soil	Yes	Yes	Area of the Site property	To prohibit activities and uses which may interfere with work performed	UECA Environmental Covenant signed August 20, 2012 and recorded August 30, 2012 applies to 2.4 acres.
Groundwater	Yes	Yes	Pump and treat system including related equipment	To prohibit interference with remedy component	UECA Environmental Covenant signed August 20, 2012 and recorded August 30, 2012 applies to 2.4 acres.

Groundwater	Yes	Yes	Contaminated groundwater outside Site property	To prohibit groundwater use until cleanup standards are achieved	UECA Environmental Covenant signed August 20, 2012 and recorded August 30, 2012 applies to 2.4 acres.
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A map showing the area in which the ICs apply is included in Attachment B and depicts the current conditions of the Site and areas which do not allow for UU/UE.

<u>Status of Access Restrictions and ICs</u>: Effective ICs are in place for the Site. An Illinois UECA restrictive covenant was signed on August 20, 2012, and recorded in Christian County, Illinois on August 30, 2012. The Site achieved Sitewide Ready for Anticipated Use status on September 26, 2012.

<u>Current Compliance</u>: Based on the site inspections, and discussions with the PRP and IEPA, the ICs and required use restrictions are being complied with. EPA is not aware of Site or media uses, such as groundwater or surface water, which are inconsistent with the stated objectives to be achieved by the ICs. The remedy appears to be functioning as intended. No Site uses which are inconsistent with the implemented ICs or remedy IC objectives were noted during the Site inspection. The PRP provides a status of ICs in the quarterly O&M report.

<u>IC Follow up Actions Needed</u>: Currently ICs are being monitored on a quarterly basis, however, a Longterm Stewardship (LTS) Plan does not exist and has not been included in an amendment to the Site O&M Plan. An LTS Plan, or an amendment to the O&M Plan, will need to be completed to include procedures for monitoring and tracking compliance with existing ICs, communicating with EPA/IEPA, and providing an annual certification to EPA/IEPA that the ICs remain in place and are effective.

Long Term Stewardship:

Long-term protectiveness requires continued compliance with the ICs consisting of land use and groundwater use restrictions to ensure that the remedy continues to function as intended. LTS will ensure that the ICs are maintained, monitored and enforced.

Systems Operations/Operation & Maintenance

Ameren has been conducting O&M activities at the Site since September 6, 1995, when the Preliminary Close Out Report was completed. All O&M activities are enforced under the March 1994 CD. The groundwater treatment system at the Site consists primarily of two carbon units operating in series. Bag filters for solids removal are installed prior to groundwater entering the first carbon unit. The system has provisions to backwash the carbon units, as necessary.

Raw groundwater entering the facility is analyzed for several compounds including organics twice per month. Ameren samples water between the carbon units twice per month to monitor organic breakthrough. The treated water is continuously discharged and will be sampled weekly for various compounds including organics. Ameren submits sample results and flow information to IEPA. Since the startup of the treatment system in early 1995 until its shutdown in September 2017, a total of 1,270,137,692 gallons of groundwater have been treated.

Ameren has been conducting long-term monitoring of groundwater, surface water and fish in the Seaman Estate's pond to ensure there is no risk to human health and the environment. Ameren provides

annual O&M reports to the agencies to document the work conducted, as well as any problems, corrective actions taken, and changes to reporting requirements.

Annual O&M Costs Central Illinois Public Service Company

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
Total	\$ 503,252	\$ 386,269	\$ 339,900	\$ 322,421	\$ 231,624

III. PROGRESS SINCE THE LAST REVIEW

This section includes the protectiveness determination and statements from the last FYR as well as the recommendations from the last FYR and the current status of those recommendations.

Table 2: Protectiveness Determinations/Statements from the 2014 FYR

OU	Protectiveness Determination	Protectiveness Statement
OU1/Sitewide	Protective	The remedy is protective of human health and the environment because the removal of the contaminated soil and the Site fence effectively prevent exposure to residual soil contaminants and operation of the groundwater pump and treat system, in conjunction with the alternative water supply and ICs, limits exposure to contaminated groundwater. The August 2012 Restrictive Environmental Covenant ensures that the Site remedy components, including ICs, are maintained, monitored, and enforced to ensure long-term protectiveness.

There were no issues and recommendations identified which affected the protectiveness of the remedy during the 2014 FYR.

IV. FIVE-YEAR REVIEW PROCESS

Community Notification, Involvement & Site Interviews

The results of the review and the report will be made available at the Site information repository. The information repository for the Site is located at the Taylorville Public Library, 121 W. Vine St., Taylorville, IL. Copies of the FYR reports can also be obtained at http://www.epa.gov/superfund/central-illinois-publicservice.

During the FYR process, EPA conducted interviews with the PRP and IEPA to document any perceived problems or successes with the remedy that has been implemented to date. Results of these interviews indicated that no significant changes have occurred since the last FYR.

Data Review

The C.I.P.S. Site has been in the environmental monitoring phase since 1995. Site-related contaminants have declined in the groundwater and cleanup goals for environmental media have not been met for all COCs. Ameren regularly conducts groundwater monitoring at the Site. Ameren monitors 11 wells onsite and eight wells off-site associated to the plume quarterly. Ameren also monitors nine additional off-site wells annually because of the proximity to the baseball field across the street. Additionally, the monitoring program includes the Seaman Estates' Pond for surface water, fish tissue, and sediments.

Surface water, sediment, and fish tissue samples show concentrations of PAHs and pesticides are sporadic and show no apparent trends. Concentrations of PAHs in surface water within the pond were below practical quantitation limits. There were no reportable detections of any PAHs at any sediment sampling location for 2018. There were no reportable detections of any PAHs at either water sampling location in 2018. There were no PCBs or pesticides detected above PGLs in fish tissue samples from Seaman Estate Pond in 2018.

Several VOCs and SVOCs remain above cleanup criteria in the groundwater monitoring wells system. GW-3 and GW-4R historically have remained above cleanup levels. The COCs are benzene and naphthalene. Since the 2017 pump and treat shutdown, levels dropped significantly but are trending upward as expected (see chart below).

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Benzene GW 3 5 µg/L	22.8	34.6	18.7	2.55	3.71
Benzene GW 4R 5 µg/L	1380	1110	1750	979	1300
Naphthalene GW 3 21 μg/L	334	921	554	8.12	26.9
Naphthalene GW 4R 21 μg/L	3140	3390	2220	3970	4580

Site Inspection

The agencies inspected the Site on 3/12/2019. David Linnear (EPA), Michael Haggitt (IEPA), Paul Lake (IEPA) and Donald Richardson (Ameren Illinois Company) attended the inspection. The purpose of the inspection was to gather data to use in the assessment of the protectiveness of the remedy, including

condition of the fencing and posted signs to restrict access, and condition of the Site. Fencing was in good condition with appropriate signage. Site access continues to be adequately restricted.

The inspection revealed changes since the last FYR. On February 4, 2019, Ameren discovered the floor of the pump and treat facility was filled with about six-inches of water due to a potable water line rupture over the weekend. The city turned off the potable water to the facility. Ameren submitted a sample of the water on the floor to Teklab for analyses. Since the groundwater pumps were offline, no untreated groundwater was mixed in the potable water spill. Approximately 40,000-gallons of potable water had been spilled. Analytical results were compared to the discharge limits contained in the RODThese results were sent to Mike Haggitt of IEPA on February 8, 2019. Later that day, Mike Haggitt approved discharge of the water. The water was discharged on February 15, 2019.

Staffing contract difficulties between the City of Taylorville, who assumed a portion of the O& M responsibilities, and their contractor led to loss of personnel to man and operate the Site pump and treat system in September 2017. The City of Taylorville was unable to maintain the staffing contract due to fiscal budget difficulties. Groundwater and surface water monitoring continued without interruption. The pumping system ran without any problems before it shut down in September 2017. The PRP (Ameren) plans to test and restart the pump and treat system in July 2019. If testing of the system shows any issues, EPA expects repairs would be made to address them. The team looked at monitoring wells, and found them to be in good condition with no signs of vandalism or tampering evident.

Interviews

During the 3/12/2019 interviews, Ameren and IEPA stated they have maintained annual visits at the Site and indicated that no problems have occurred regarding site security and no concerns have been raised by the local commercial and residential population. Further, no telephone calls have been received regarding the Site.

V. TECHNICAL ASSESSMENT

Question A: Is the remedy functioning as intended by the decision documents?

No. The required groundwater pump and treat system has been shut down since September 2017 and the remedy is therefore not functioning as intended by the decision documents. Ameren plans to test and restart the system in July 2019. Review of the available information indicates the remedy will again function as it was intended once the restart occurs. The remedy included soil excavation, a pump and treat system, groundwater monitoring, installation of site access controls, and ICs. The Site has been in the monitoring phase since 1995. Site-related contaminants have declined in groundwater although cleanup goals for environmental media have not been met for all COCs. Because levels remain above cleanup goals, the selected remedy must continue operating. No further remedial or removal actions are necessary.

Effective ICs are in place for the Site. An Illinois UECA restrictive covenant was signed on August 20, 2012, and recorded in Christian County, Illinois on August 30, 2012. Discussions with Site O&M personnel indicate that no issues or problems have arisen with respect to enforcing the restrictive covenants for the Site. However, a LTS Plan or amendment to the O&M Plan to include LTS procedures, needs to be developed and implemented.

<u>Question B:</u> Are the exposure assumptions, toxicity data, cleanup levels, and remedial action objectives (RAOs) used at the time of remedy selection still valid?

Yes. There have been no major changes in the physical conditions of the site that would affect the protectiveness of the remedy. The Site is being used as anticipated, i.e., it is not being used, so the exposure assumptions that were made do not need to be changed.

There has been no change to the standardized risk assessment methodology or contaminant characteristics that would affect the protectiveness of the remedy. There have been no changes in toxicity factors or cleanup levels. As per the ICs, the property is currently zoned for industrial use; however, there is currently no formal use of the property. No unacceptable risks would be sustained.

Question C: Has any other information become available that could call into question the protectiveness of the remedy?

No. There is no new information that has come to light that could affect the protectiveness of the remedy. No other events have affected the protectiveness of the remedy and there is no other information which calls into question the protectiveness of the remedy.

VI. ISSUES/RECOMMENDATIONS

Issues and Recommendations Identified in the Five-Year Review:
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OU(s): 1/Sitewide	Issue Category: Remedy Performance			
	Issue: Groundwater pump and treat system has not operated since September 2017.			
	Recommendation: Restart the groundwater pump and treat system.			
Affect Current Protectiveness	Affect Future Protectiveness	Party Responsible	Oversight Party	Milestone Date
No	Yes	PRP	EPA/State	8/2/2019

OU(s): 1/Sitewide	Issue Category: Institutional Controls			
	Issue: Lack of formal LTS procedures.			
	Recommendation: An LTS Plan, or an amendment to the O&M Plan to include LTS procedures, should be developed and implemented.			
Affect Current Protectiveness	Affect Future Protectiveness	Party Responsible	Oversight Party	Milestone Date
No	Yes	PRP	EPA/State	6/19/2020

VII. PROTECTIVENESS STATEMENT

OU1 & Sitewide Protectiveness Statement

Protectiveness Determination:

Short-term Protective

Protectiveness Statement:

The remedy is currently protective of human health and the environment because the removal of the contaminated soil and the site fence effectively prevent exposure to residual soil contaminants, and the provision of an alternative water supply and implementation of ICs limit exposure to contaminated groundwater. Effective ICs in the form of an Illinois UECA restrictive covenant are in place. However, in order for the remedy to be protective in the long-term, the following actions need to be taken to ensure protectiveness: restart the groundwater pump and treat system, and develop an LTS Plan or amend the O&M Plan to include LTS procedures.

VIII. NEXT REVIEW

The next FYR report for the C.I.P.S. Co. Superfund Site is required five years from EPA's signature date of this review.

APPENDIX A – REFERENCE LIST

Previous FYR

4th FYR, dated June 13, 2014

O&M Report

O&M Report, dated January 2014 O&M Report, dated January 2015 O&M Report, dated January 2016

O&M Report, dated January 2017 O&M Report, dated January 2018

Annual Report

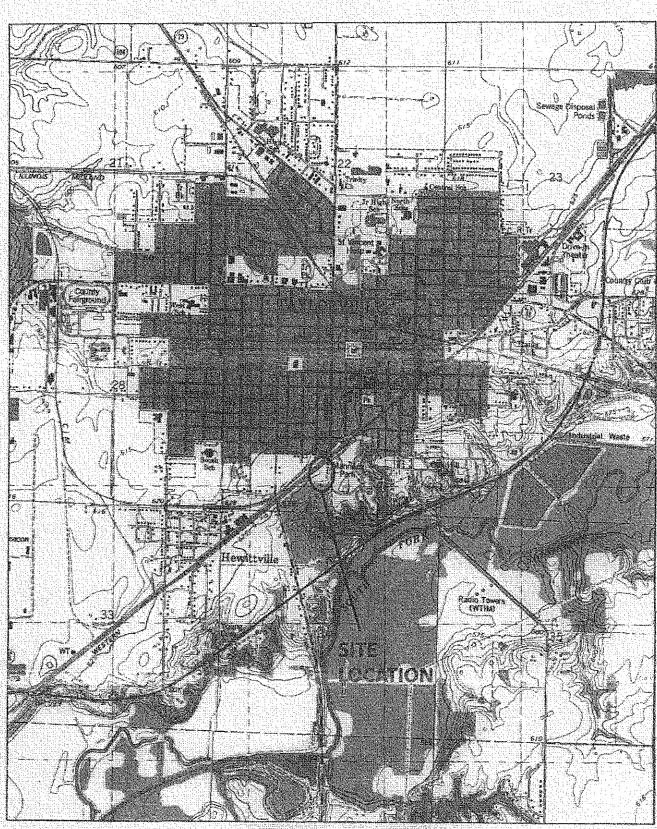
2018 Seaman Estate Pond Study, dated March 2018

Decision Document(s)

ROD, dated September 1992 CD, dated March 1994 Closeout Report, dated September 1995

APPENDIX B - MAPS

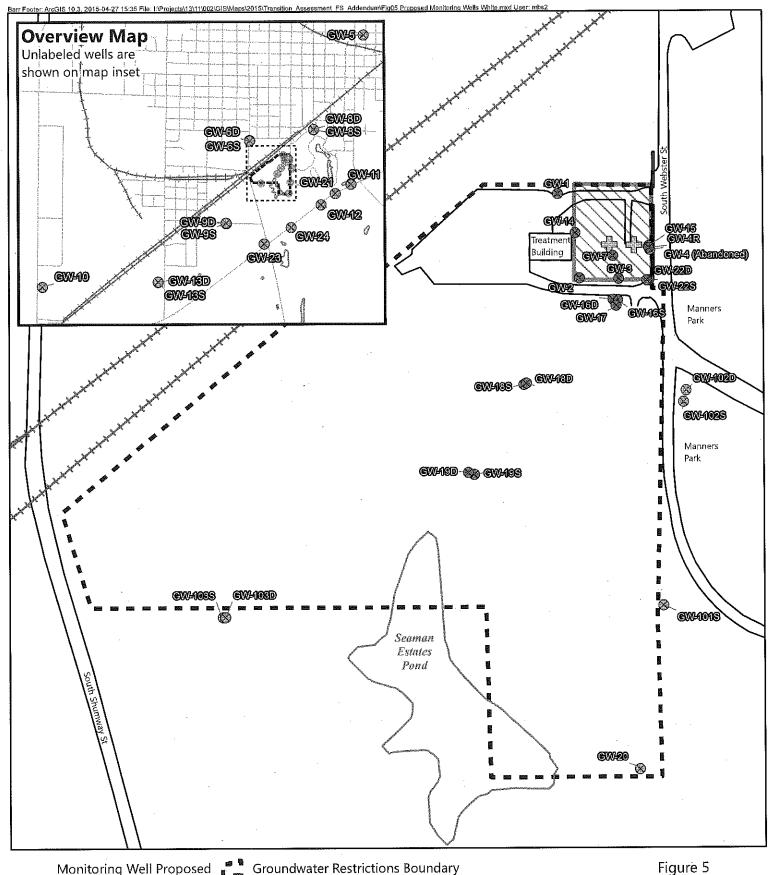
Site Location Map Site Map showing well locations



Data Source: USDA

AMEREN CIPS SITE

FIGURE 1



For Abandonment

Proposed Future Monitoring Well

Extraction Well

Railroad

Pond

Groundwater Restrictions Boundary

200

Former MGP Boundary and Soil Restrictions (Christian Co. Parcel ID No. 17-13-27-331-005-00)



Feet

Former CIPS MGP Site Taylorville, Illinois

PROPOSED MONITORING

WELL LOCATION MAP

200

APPENDIX C – Site Inspection Checklist and Photographs

Site Inspection Checklist Site Inspection Photographs

Joseph Dy March 21
OSWER No. 9355.7-03B-P

<u>Insurance</u>, <u>Taxes</u> and <u>Licenses</u> - This includes items such as liability and sudden and accidental insurance, real estate taxes on purchased land or right-of-way, licensing fees for certain technologies, and permit renewal and reporting costs.

Other Costs - This includes all other items which do not fit into any of the above categories.

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Please note that "O&M" is referred to throughout this checklist. At sites where Long-Term Response Actions are in progress, O&M activities may be referred to as "system operations" since these sites are not considered to be in the O&M phase while being remediated under the Superfund program.

Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist (Template)

(Working document for site inspection. Information may be completed by hand and attached to the Five-Year Review report as supporting documentation of site status. "N/A" refers to "not applicable.")

C.I.P. S. I. SITE INF	ORMATION				
Site name: Centra / Ell. Public Service	Date of inspection: March 12, 2019				
Location and Region: Taylorville II. Reg. 5	EPAID: ZCD 98/18/065				
Agency, office, or company leading the five-year review: (1.5, EPA	Weather/temperature: Windy 43°				
Remedy Includes: (Check all that apply)					
☐ Landfill cover/containment ☐ ☐ ☐	Monitored natural attenuation				
Access controls	Froundwater containment				
✓ Institutional controls □	Vertical barrier walls				
Groundwater pump and treatment					
☐ Surface water collection and treatment	/				
Other TOP SOIL /VEGE	TATION				
Attachments: Inspection team roster attached Site map attached Ameron					
II. INTERVIEWS (Check all that apply)					
1. O&M site manager Don Name	Proj Mgr 3/12/2019 Date				
Interviewed at site □ at office □ by phone Phone	- 11110				
Problems, suggestions; Report attached, 05500 Devenuel manning Site					
C, by Water Main Dreak Hoodel Duild - ERM consanting					
Lest water for containment - Water was safe to discharge					
hands and the same state of th					
Fencing repairs / Pumps raw 9/2017 W/o any problems,					
Currently, PRPs will fest Pumping sys. before vestatt					
approx. 7/2019.	V /				

OSWER No.	. 9355.7-03B-P

	/ /		OSW.	ER No. 9355.7-03B-P
2.	O&M staff N/A			
	Name Interviewed □ at site □ at office □ by phone Phone	Title	Date	
	Problems, suggestions; □ Report attached		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	- AMADAMAN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND A			·
3.	Local regulatory authorities and response ag office, police department, office of public healt			
	deeds, or other city and county offices, etc.) Fi		leann, zoning ome	e, recorder or
	Agency TEPA			
	Contact M, /ce Name	Title	Date	Phone no.
	Problems; suggestions; □ Report attached			
	Agency (EPA			
	Contact Day			
	Name Problems; suggestions; □ Report attached	Title	Date	
	Agency			
	ContactName	Title	Date	
	Problems; suggestions; ☐ Report attached			
	Agency			
	Contact Name	Title	Date	Phone no.
	Problems; suggestions; ☐ Report attached			
		,		
4.	Other interviews (optional) Report attached	l.		
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	III. ON-SITE DOCUMENTS & RECORDS VERIFIED (Check all that apply)
1.	O&M Documents O&M manual Readily available Up to date N/A As-built drawings Readily available Up to date N/A Maintenance logs Readily available Up to date N/A Remarks
2.	Site-Specific Health and Safety Plan Contingency plan/emergency response plan Readily available Up to date N/A Remarks
3.	O&M and OSHA Training Records
4.	Permits and Service Agreements □ Air discharge permit □ Readily available □ Up to date □ N/A □ Effluent discharge □ Readily available □ Up to date □ N/A □ Waste disposal, POTW □ Readily available □ Up to date □ N/A □ Other permits 4 □ □ Readily available □ Up to date □ N/A Remarks
5.	Gas Generation Records □ Readily available □ Up to date □ N/A Remarks
6.	Settlement Monument Records
7.	Groundwater Monitoring Records Readily available Up to date N/A Remarks
8.	Leachate Extraction Records □ Readily available □ Up to date □ N/A Remarks □ Up to date □ N/A
9.	Discharge Compliance Records □ Air □ Readily available □ Up to date □ N/A □ Water (effluent) □ Readily available □ Up to date □ N/A Remarks □ Readily available □ Up to date □ N/A
10.	Daily Access/Security Logs Readily, available Up to date N/A Remarks from to Clarify Stant Could - Les

			IV. O&M COSTS	
1.	O&M Organization ☐ State in-house ☐ PRP in-house ☐ Federal Facility in-h ☐ Other	ouse	☐ Contractor for State ☐ Contractor for PRP ☐ Contractor for Feder	al Facility
2.	O&M Cost Records Readily available Funding mechanism Original O&M cost est	timate	place	eakdown attached eriod if available
	From To From To	Date	Total cost	_ □ Breakdown attached _ □ Breakdown attached
	Date To Date From To To To	Date	Total cost Total cost	□ Breakdown attached □ Breakdown attached
r	From To_ Date	Date	Total cost Total cost	□ Breakdown attached
3.	Unanticipated or Uni Describe costs and rea			Review Period
	V. ACCESS	AND INSTI	TUTIONAL CONTR	OLS Applicable DN/A
A.	Fencing			
1.	Fencing damaged Remarks	A location	on shown on site map	Cates secured N/A
B.	Other Access Restrictions			
1.	Signs and other secur Remarks	rity measures	S Decation she posted &	own on site map SIN/A
	1290	100 00	NC. TON	

C. Inst	titutional Controls (ICs)
1.	Implementation and enforcement Site conditions imply ICs not properly implemented Site conditions imply ICs not being fully enforced Type of monitoring (e.g., felf/reporting, drive by) Frequency Responsible party/agency Responsible party/agency
	Contact Name Title Date Phone no.
	Reporting is up-to-date Reports are verified by the lead agency Yes □ No □ N/A Yes □ No □ N/A
	Specific requirements in deed or decision documents have been met Violations have been reported Other problems or suggestions: Report attached
2.	Adequacy ☐ ICs are adequate ☐ ICs are inadequate ☐ N/A Remarks
D. Ger	neral
1.	Vandalism/trespassing □ Location shown on site map ☐ No vandalism evident Remarks
2.	Land use changes on site N/A Remarks
3.	Land use changes off site N/A Remarks
	VI. GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS
A. Roa	ads □ Applicable ☑ N/A
1.	Roads damaged □ Location shown on site map □ Roads adequate □ N/A Remarks □ □ Roads adequate □ N/A

B. Other Site Conditions				
	Remarks			
· :	VII. LAND	FILL COVERS	Ń/A	
A. La	ndfill Surface			
1.	Settlement (Low spots) Areal extent Remarks	☐ Location shown on site map Depth		
2.	Th	□ Location shown on site map □ Depths □ Depths	□ Cracking not evident	
3.	Erosion Areal extent Remarks	□ Location shown on site map Depth	□ Erosion not evident	
4.	Holes Areal extent Remarks	□ Location shown on site map Depth	□ Holes not evident	
5.	☐ Trees/Shrubs (indicate size and i	Cover properly establis locations on a diagram)	shed □ No signs of stress	
6.	Alternative Cover (armored roc Remarks			
7.	Bulges Areal extent Remarks	☐ Location shown on site map Height	□ Bulges not evident	

8.	Wet Areas/Water Damage ☐ Wet areas ☐ Ponding ☐ Seeps ☐ Soft subgrade Remarks	☐ Wet areas/water damage not ☐ Location shown on site map	Areal extent Areal extent Areal extent
9.	Slope Instability Areal extent Remarks		☐ No evidence of slope instability
B. Bei	1,1	N/A of earth placed across a steep la	andfill side slope to interrupt the slope
1.	• •	☐ Location shown on site map	
2.	Bench Breached Remarks	☐ Location shown on site map	•
3.	Bench Overtopped Remarks	□ Location shown on site map	□ N/A or okay
C. Let	tdown Channels	N/A of mats, riprap, grout bags, or gather runoff water collected by the	bions that descend down the steep side benches to move off of the landfill
1.	Settlement	Depth	No evidence of settlement
2.	Material Degradation □ Local Material typeRemarks	Areal extent	
3.	Erosion □ Loca Areal extent Remarks	ntion shown on site map Depth	No evidence of erosion

4.	Undercutting ☐ Location shown on site map ☐ No evidence of undercutting Areal extent ☐ Depth ☐ Remarks ☐
5.	Obstructions Type No obstructions Location shown on site map Areal extent Size Remarks
6.	Excessive Vegetative Growth No evidence of excessive growth Vegetation in channels does not obstruct flow Location shown on site map Remarks
D. Cov	rer Penetrations Applicable N/A
1.	Gas Vents □ Active□ Passive □ Properly secured/locked □ Functioning □ Routinely sampled □ Good condition □ Evidence of leakage at penetration □ Needs Maintenance □ N/A Remarks
2.	Gas Monitoring Probes □ Properly secured/locked □ Functioning □ Routinely sampled □ Good condition □ Evidence of leakage at penetration □ Needs Maintenance □ N/A Remarks
3.	Monitoring Wells (within surface area of landfill) □ Properly secured/locked □ Functioning □ Routinely sampled □ Good condition □ Evidence of leakage at penetration □ Needs Maintenance □ N/A Remarks
4.	Leachate Extraction Wells □ Properly secured/locked □ Functioning □ Routinely sampled □ Good condition □ Evidence of leakage at penetration □ Needs Maintenance □ N/A Remarks □
5.	Settlement Monuments □ Located □ Routinely surveyed □ N/A Remarks □

E. Gas	Collection and Treatment
1.	Gas Treatment Facilities □ Flaring □ Thermal destruction □ Collection for reuse □ Good condition□ Needs Maintenance Remarks
2.	Gas Collection Wells, Manifolds and Piping ☐ Good condition☐ Needs Maintenance Remarks
3.	Gas Monitoring Facilities (e.g., gas monitoring of adjacent homes or buildings) □ Good condition□ Needs Maintenance □ N/A Remarks
F. Cove	er Drainage Layer Applicable N/A
1.	Outlet Pipes Inspected Functioning N/A Remarks
2.	Outlet Rock Inspected
G. Dete	ention/Sedimentation Ponds
1.	Siltation Areal extent Depth N/A Siltation not evident Remarks
2.	Erosion Areal extent Depth □ Erosion not evident Remarks
3.	Outlet Works □ Functioning □ N/A Remarks
4.	Dam □ Functioning □ N/A Remarks

H. Retai	ining Walls	☐ Applicable	N/A		
]	Deformations Horizontal displacement_ Rotational displacement_ Remarks		Vertical displa	☐ Deformation not evident cement	
Į.	•	□ Location show	-	□ Degradation not evident	
I. Perim	eter Ditches/Off-Site Di	scharge	☐ Applicable	ZN/A	
1	Areal extent	ion shown on site Depth		not evident	
	Vegetative Growth ☐ Vegetation does not im Areal extent Remarks	pede flow Type		□ N/A	
,	Erosion Areal extent	□ Location show Depth	<u>.</u>	□ Erosion not evident	
į.	Discharge Structure Remarks	_			
	VIII. VEI	RTICAL BARRI	ER WALLS	☐ Applicable ☑ N/A	
	Settlement Areal extent Remarks	☐ Location show Depth		□ Settlement not evident	
]	Head differential	ored	□ Evidenc	e of breaching	

	IX. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER REMEDIES Applicable N/A
A. G	roundwater Extraction Wells, Pumps, and Pipelines Applicable DN/A
1.	Pumps, Wellhead Plumbing, and Electrical Good condition All required wells properly operating Needs Maintenance N/A Remarks Shark Bown
2.	Extraction System Pipelines, Valves, Valve Boxes, and Other Appurtenances Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks
3.	Spare Parts and Equipment ☐ Readily available ☐ Good condition☐ Requires upgrade ☐ Needs to be provided Remarks
B. Su	urface Water Collection Structures, Pumps, and Pipelines
1.	Collection Structures, Pumps, and Electrical □ Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks
2.	Surface Water Collection System Pipelines, Valves, Valve Boxes, and Other Appurtenances □ Good condition□ Needs Maintenance Remarks
3.	Spare Parts and Equipment □ Readily available □ Good condition□ Requires upgrade □ Needs to be provided Remarks

C.	Treatment System Applicable \(\subseteq N/A \)
1.	Treatment Train (Check components that apply) Metals removal
2.	Electrical Enclosures and Panels (properly rated and functional) □ N/A
3.	Tanks, Vaults, Storage Vessels □ N/A □ Good condition□ Proper secondary containment □ Needs Maintenance Remarks
4.	Discharge Structure and Appurtenances □ N/A □ Good condition□ Needs Maintenance Remarks
5.	Treatment Building(s) N/A Good condition (esp. roof and doorways) Chemicals and equipment properly stored Remarks
6.	Monitoring Wells (pump and treatment remedy) □ Properly secured/locked □ Functioning □ Routinely sampled □ Good condition □ All required wells located □ Needs Maintenance □ N/A Remarks
D.	Monitoring Data
1.	Monitoring Data Is of acceptable quality
2.	Monitoring data suggests: Groundwater plume is effectively contained Contaminant concentrations are declining

D. Monitored Natural Attenuation
1. Monitoring Wells (natural attenuation remedy) □ Properly secured/locked □ Functioning □ Routinely sampled □ Good condition □ All required wells located □ Needs Maintenance Remarks
X. OTHER REMEDIES
If there are remedies applied at the site which are not covered above, attach an inspection sheet describing the physical nature and condition of any facility associated with the remedy. An example would be soil vapor extraction.
XI. OVERALL OBSERVATIONS
A. Implementation of the Remedy
Describe issues and observations relating to whether the remedy is effective and functioning as designed. Begin with a brief statement of what the remedy is to accomplish (i.e., to contain contaminant plume, minimize infiltration and gas emission, etc.). **The description of the description of th
Describe issues and observations related to the implementation and scope of O&M procedures. In particular, discuss their relationship to the current and long-term protectiveness of the remedy. Compade 's Droviders Compade

C.	Early Indicators of Potential Remedy Problems
	Describe issues and observations such as unexpected changes in the cost or scope of O&M or a high frequency of unscheduled repairs, that suggest that the protectiveness of the remedy may be compromised in the future.
D.	Describe possible opportunities for optimization in monitoring tasks or the operation of the remedy. Step It replace w/ Long-term Monitoring Leave System in Dlace iklely, traffit

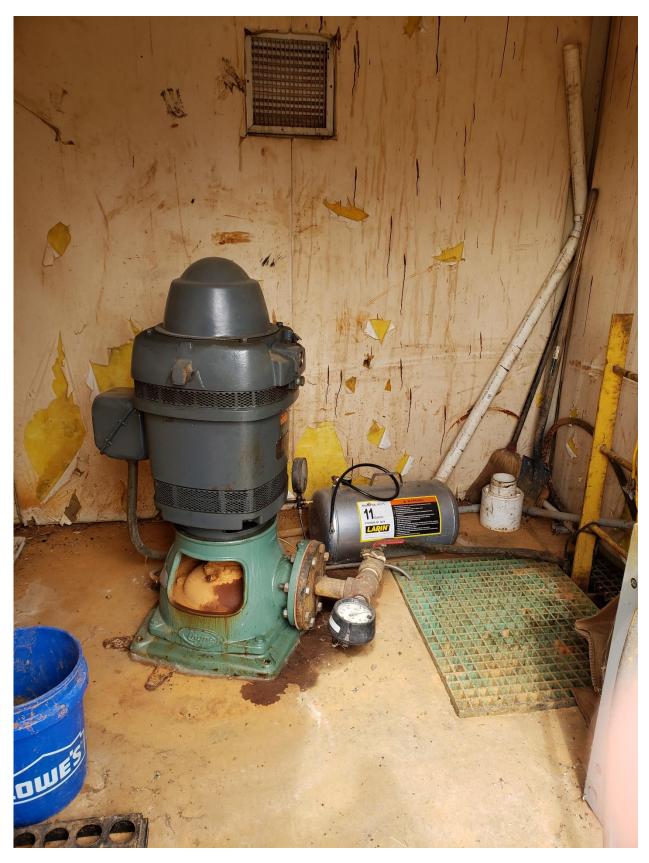


Figure 1 – Overflow Pump



Figure 2 – Site Entrance

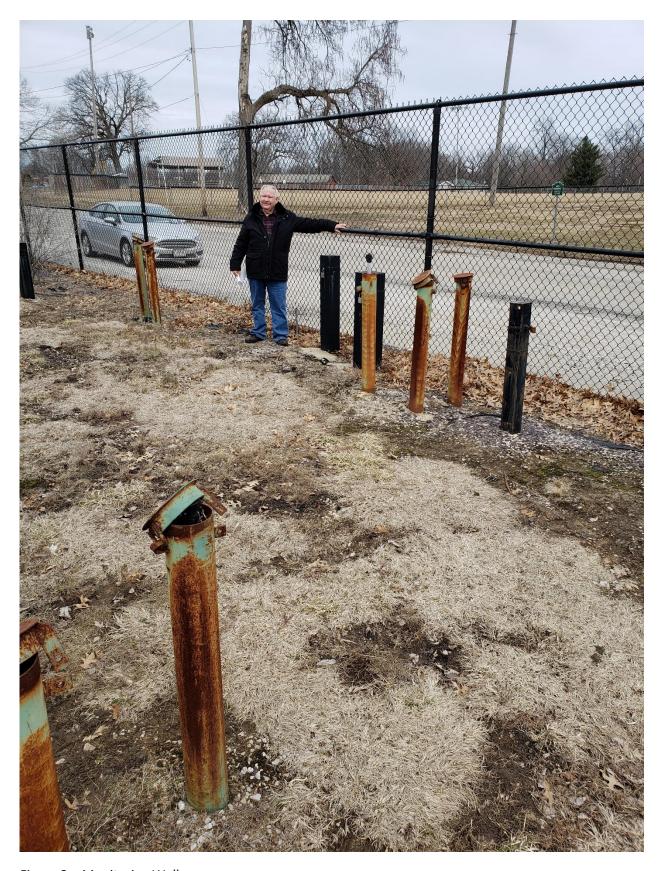


Figure 3 – Monitoring Wells



Figure 4 – Monitoring Wells



Figure 5 – Monitoring Wells



Figure 6 – Monitoring Wells



Figure 7 – Monitoring Wells

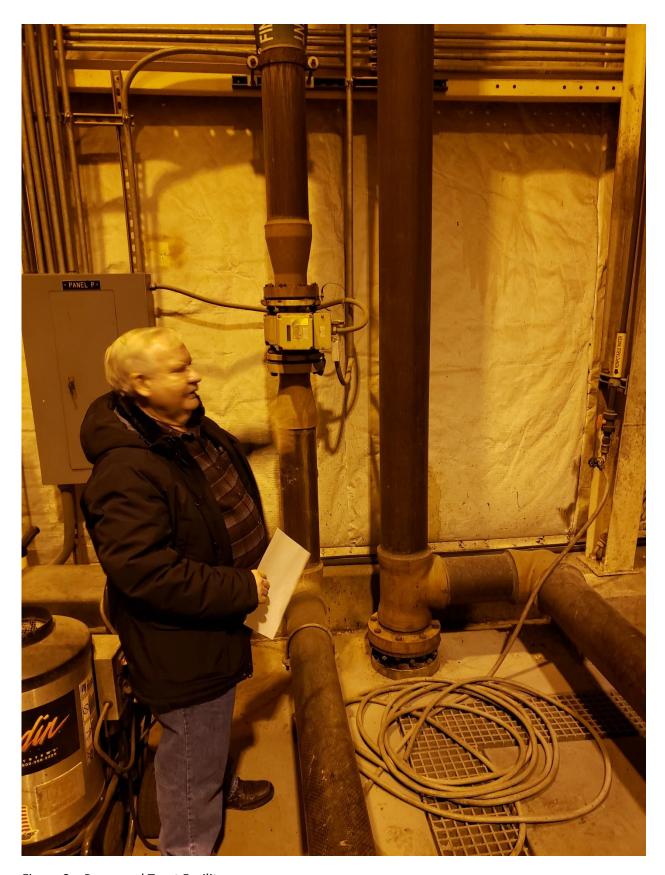


Figure 8 – Pump and Treat Facility



Figure 9 – Monitoring Wells

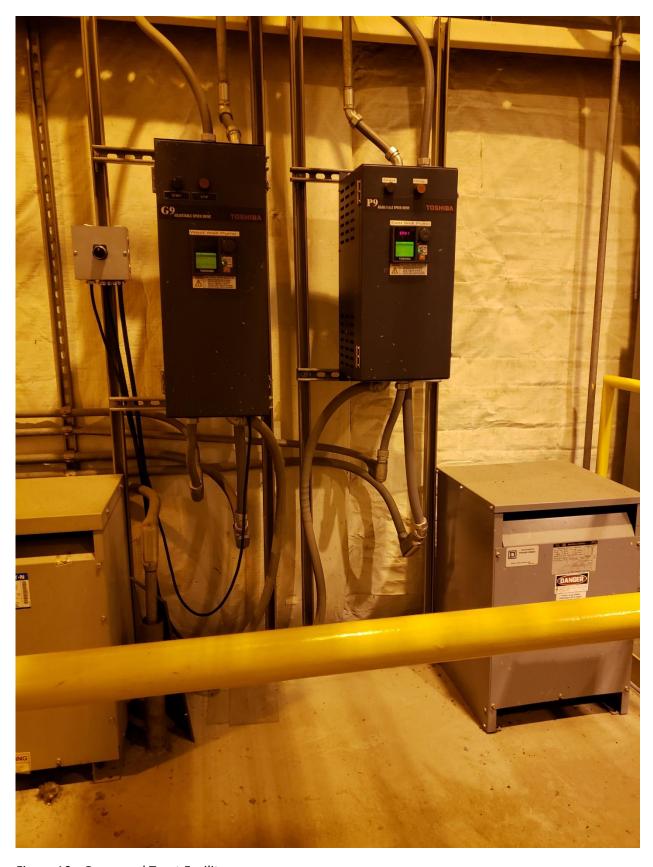


Figure 10 – Pump and Treat Facility



Figure 11 – Pump and Treat Facility



Figure 12 – Pump and Treat Facility

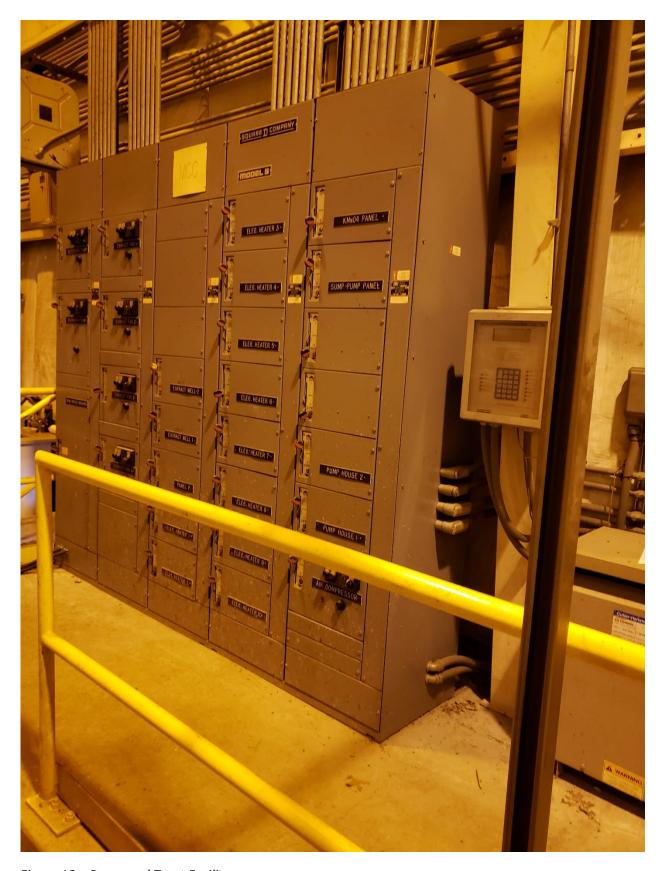


Figure 13 – Pump and Treat Facility

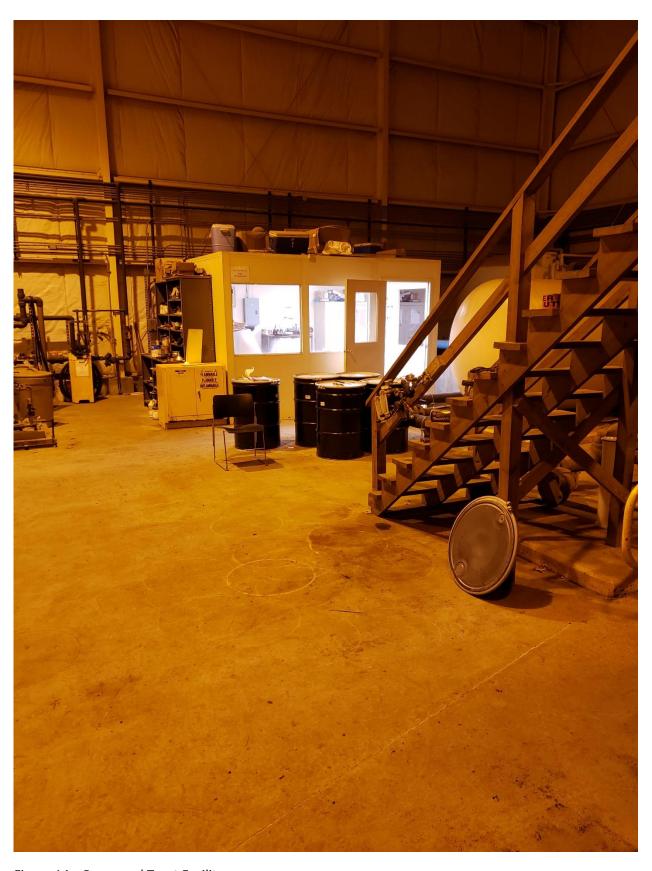


Figure 14 – Pump and Treat Facility

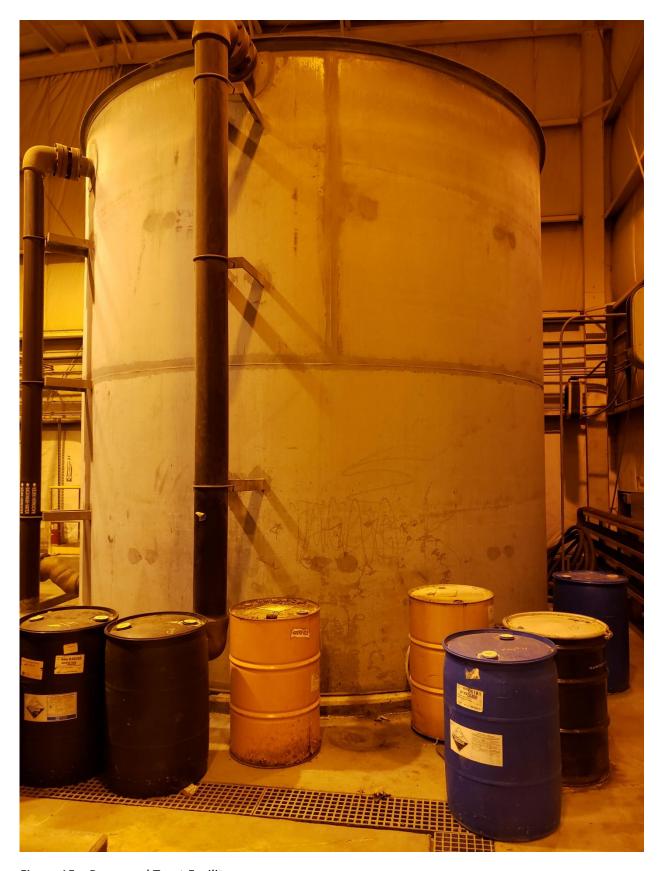


Figure 15 – Pump and Treat Facility

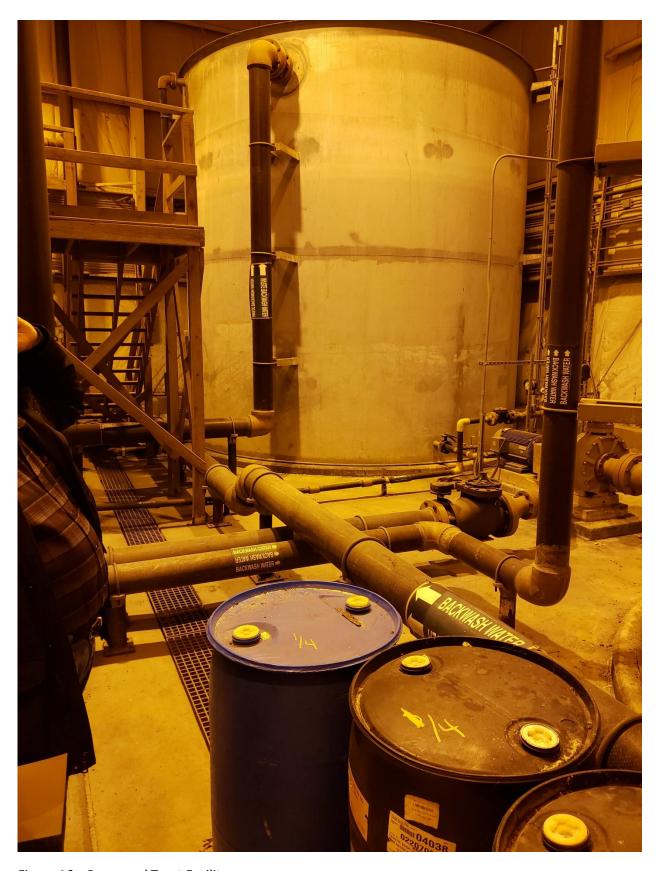


Figure 16 – Pump and Treat Facility

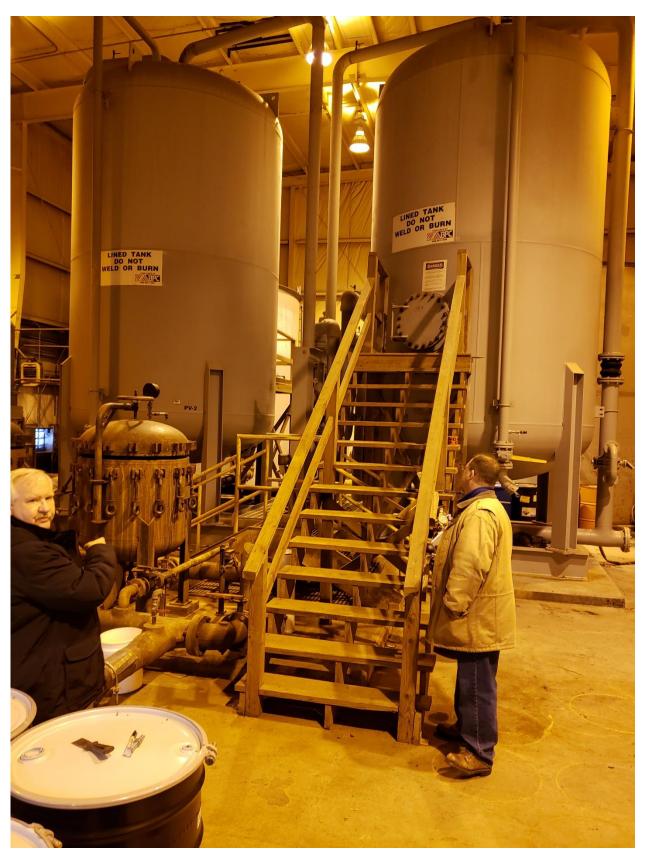


Figure 17 – Pump and Treat Facility

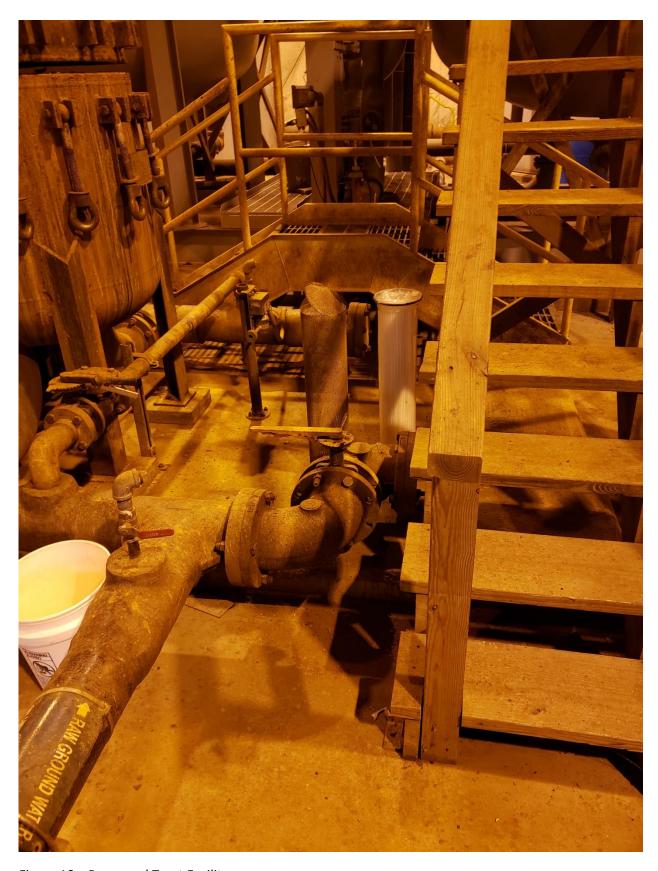


Figure 18 – Pump and Treat Facility

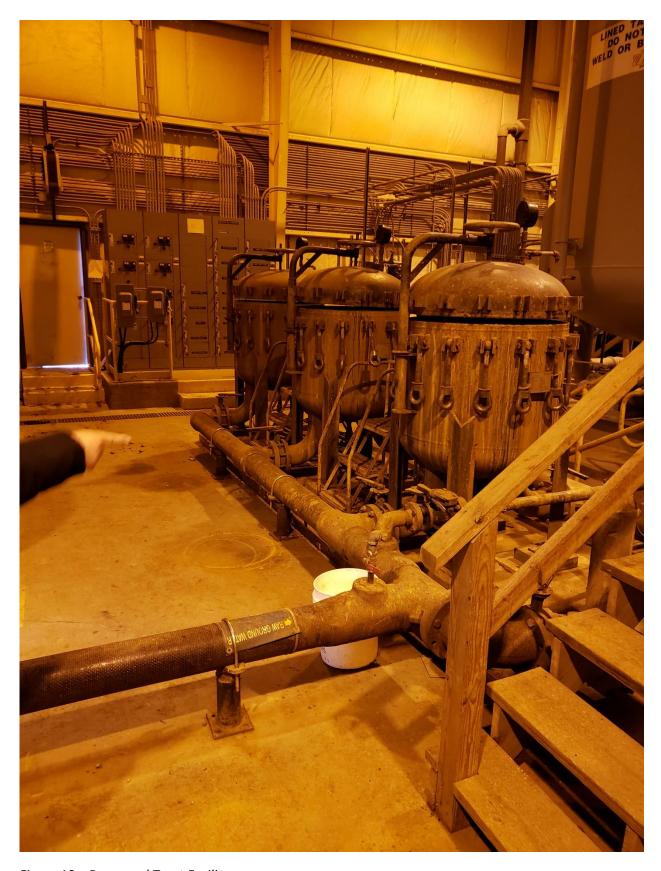


Figure 19 – Pump and Treat Facility

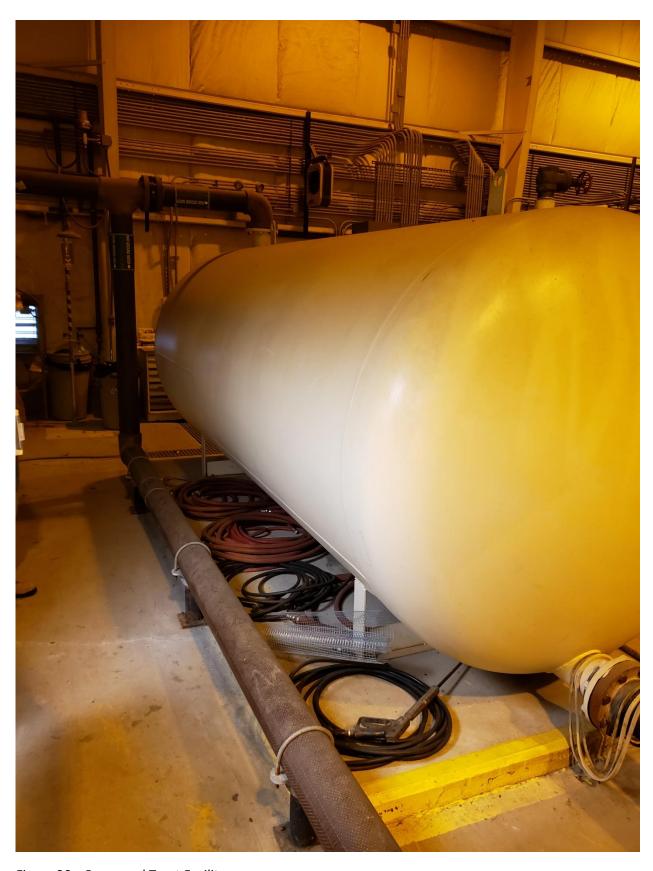


Figure 20 – Pump and Treat Facility



Figure 21 – Pump and Treat Facility

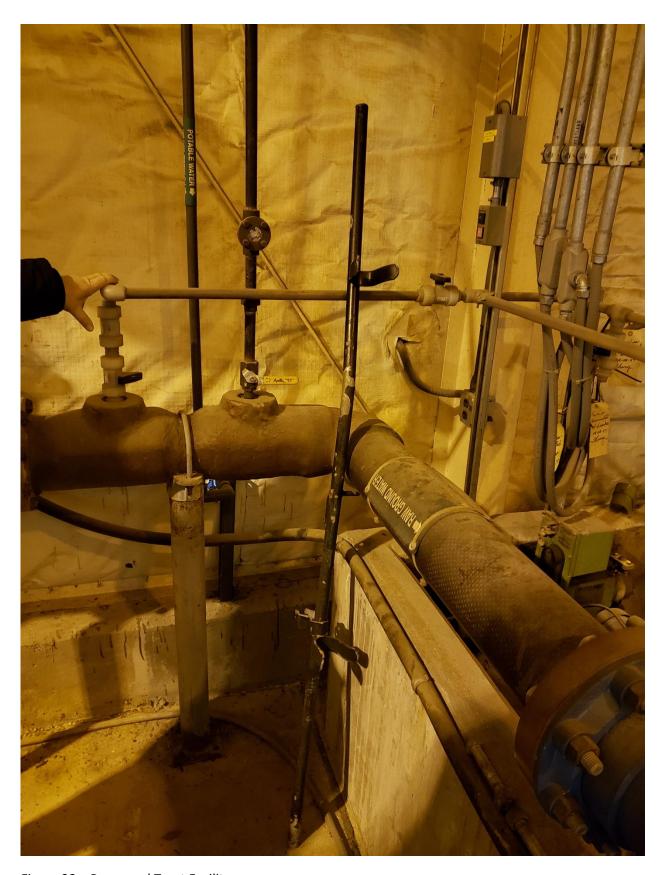


Figure 22 – Pump and Treat Facility

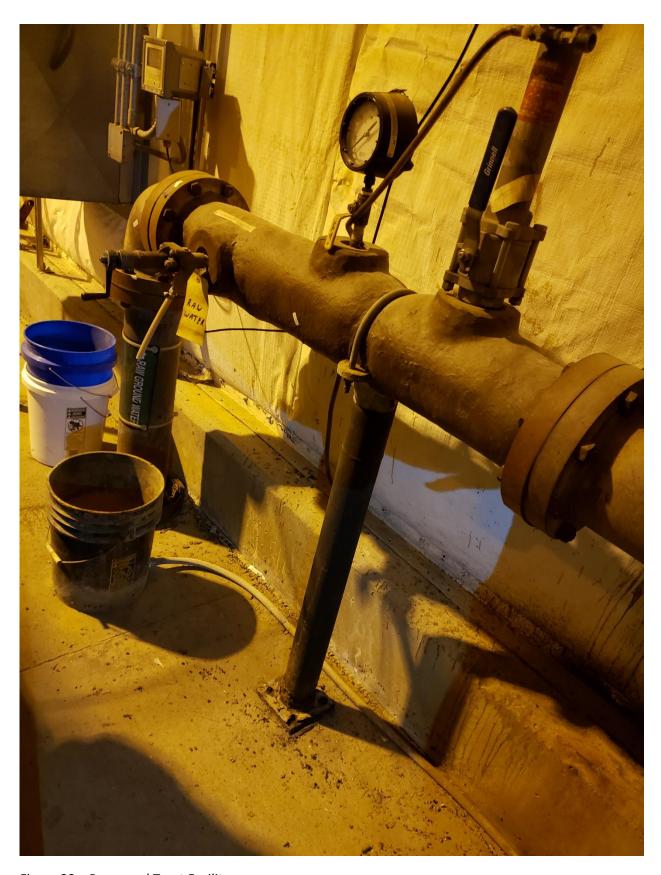


Figure 23 – Pump and Treat Facility



Figure 24 – Pump and Treat Facility and Wells



Figure 25 – Pump and Treat Facility and Wells



Figure 26 – Pump and Treat Facility and Wells